ALPACA: The Fiber of YOUR Future

Student Design Scholarship Competition Sponsored by Alpaca Owners Association, Inc.

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What Makes **Alpacas** Eco-Friendly Animals?

Because they lack upper teeth, alpacas "cut" the grass with their bottom teeth and upper palate. This vegetation cutting encourages the plant's growth. Alpacas' pellet-like droppings are PH balanced, and an excellent natural, slow-release, low odor fertilizer. This rich fertilizer is perfect for growing fruits and vegetables. Alpacas have soft padded feet instead of hooves and can leave even the most delicate terrain undamaged. No chemicals are employed either during feeding or during the industrial production of alpaca fleece into fiber.

What are the Benefits of **Alpaca** Fiber?

Alpaca fiber is a natural, renewable resource.

Alpaca fiber is proven to be fire resistant. All harvested fiber can be turned into product.

Alpaca has no natural lanolin, making cleaning a more gentle process. The fiber is moisture wicking and draws wetness away from the skin.

What are the Benefits of **Alpaca** Fiber?

Alpaca fiber has a low scale structure preventing prickle.

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There is a high tensile strength, but strength doesn't diminish as it becomes finer. It contains microscopic air pockets creating lightweight garments with high insulation values.

The fiber contains natural antibacterial properties with 70% reduction of odor causing bacteria.

The fiber can be washed at lower temperatures without harsh chemicals.

HUACAYA

SURI

Huacaya alpacas represent a majority of the alpaca population.

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Huacaya fiber has loft and is well-suited for knitted and crocheted products as well as woven applications.

Huacaya fiber also felts easily.

Huacaya fiber has "brightness."

Suri Alpacas represent a small, butgrowing, portion of the alpaca population.

Suri alpacas have fleece that hangs down in pencil locks that look like dreadlocks.

Expert

fiber producers

Suri fiber is straight and heavier by volume.

Because of its lack of loft and "memory",suri fiber is best used in applications where drape is desired.

The Wide Variety of Colors of **Alpaca** Fiber

Alpaca Owners Association, Inc. recognizes 16 official colors:

- White
- Beige
- Fawn light, medium, dark
- Brown light, medium, dark
- Bay Black
- True Black
- Silver Grey light, medium, dark
- Rose Grey light, medium, dark



Micron Relationships to End Use

- <u>18-20:</u> Underwear, high fashion fabric, suiting
- <u>20-23:</u> Fine to medium knit-wear, men's suiting, lightwright worsteds, hand knitting yarn
- <u>23-26</u>: Woven outerwear, machine and hand knitted yarns
- <u>24-29:</u> Socks, fine felting, and heavy woven outerwear
- <u>30+:</u> Interior textiles, carpets, and industrial felting

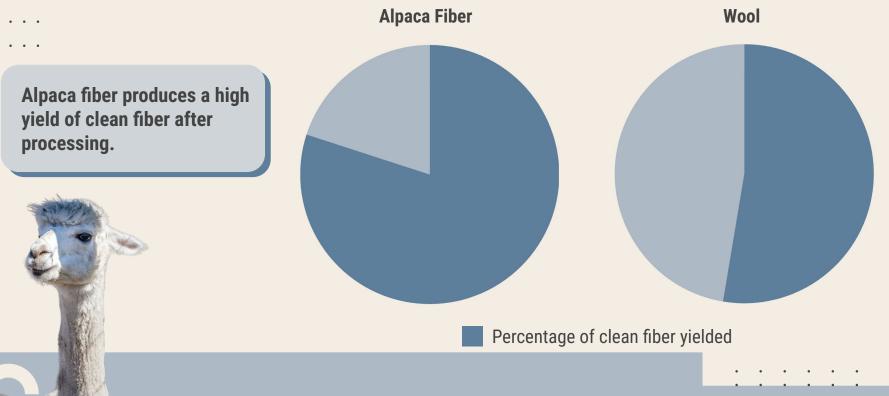
Classification of Microns:

- Royal Baby < 20 Microns
- Baby 20-22.29 Microns
- Super Fine 23-26.9 Microns
- Adult 27-31.9 Microns
- Strong > 32 Microns

Products created with a very uniform micron will produce a more pleasing handle than their micron size indicates.

III Industry Considerations for **Alpaca** Fiber

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Industry Considerations for Alpaca Fiber 🔰



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Alpaca fiber is easy to dye or over-dye using animal protein type dyes or natural dyes with mordants. Alpaca fiber blends well with other natural fibers such as cotton, silk, bamboo, mohair, and wool.



Eligibility **and** Format

- Participation is open to all students of college-level design in North America.
- No garment construction is necessary.
- Entry requires a presentation board, swatches, a one-page essay, and a 60-second compilation video for promotional use.
- No entry fee required.



Elahe Saeidi, 2014



Katherine Matos-Gonzalez, 2018

Eligibility **and** Format

The intent of the competition is to promote the incorporation of alpaca fiber into creative and marketable fashion & textile designs.

The entry should reflect the influence of the current design trends specified in the rules and regulations for the competition and utilize **at least 50% alpaca fiber** in the design.



Yarn, roving, and fabric swatches are available to instructors on request.



Scholarship and Awards

Fashion Design & Textile Design will be judged as two separate categories, each with its own winners.

1st Place - \$1,000 2nd Place - \$750 3rd Place - \$500





2023 Competition Winners - Fashion

Teegan Farrell Kansas State University (KS) First Place Fashion





Kelsi Manley North Carolina State University (NC) Second Place Fashion · · · · · · ·

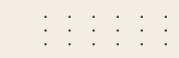
Kelly Padulese-Czyzewski Thomas Jefferson University(PA) Third Place Fashion



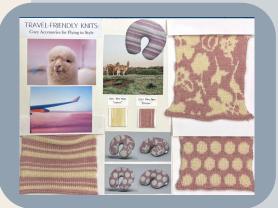
2023 Competition Winners - Textiles

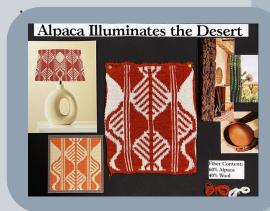


Kayla Reilly Fashion Institute of Technology (NY) First Place Textiles



Sarah Clark Savannah College of Art and Design (GA) Second Place Textiles





Christina Dixon Thomas Jefferson University(PA) Third Place Textiles

Turn Alpaca Into Functional Fashion



Sydney Lenox, 2018 Kansas State University (KS)



Aaron Simon, 2015 Kansas State University (KS)



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Megan Gregory, 2019 Savannah College of Art & Design (GA)

Turn Alpaca Into Functional Fashion



Iviana Rexach-Ramos, 2017 Savannah College of Art & Design (GA)



Faith Jansenn, 2019 Kansas State University (KS)



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Katherine Stevens, 2016 Lasell College (MA)

Turn Alpaca Into Functional Textiles



Sarah Freeman, 2019 Savannah College of Art & Design (GA)



Chang Liu, 2019 Kent State University (OH)



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Hannah Beckett, 2018 Jefferson Philadelphia University (PA)

Turn Alpaca Into Functional Textiles



Nicole Rusick, 2017 Harper College (IL)



Megan Dunn, 2019 Kent State University (OH)



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Emily Arlington, 2015 Fashion Institute of Technology (NY)

